

SEWING MACHINES!

Wilcox & Gibbs

SEWING MACHINES,

ATTACHMENTS, OIL, AND NEEDLES,

MACHINES RENTED,

EXCHANGED AND REPAIRED.

Other Kinds of Machines furnished if Desired.

A COMPETENT INSTRUCTRESS ALWAYS IN THE OFFICE.

CASHING BUILDING,

Garden St., Rondout.

A. A. CROSBY & CO.,

SUCCESSORS TO

CROSBY MORE & CO.,

CORNER

DIVISION & GARDEN STS.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN

Builders', Saddlers', Carriage-

Makers', and Fancy Hard-

ware, Iron, Steel, Nails,

Tar, Pitch, Oakum.

Carriage and Sleigh Wood-

Work.

INCLUDING HUBS, SPOKES,

FELLOES, SHAFTS AND

POLES.

Agricultural Implements,

ALSO

Leather and Rubber Belt-

ing, Sporting and Blast-

ing Powder.

GUNS & PISTOLS,

&c., &c., &c.

CLOVER & TIMOTHY SEEDS.

AGENTS FOR

BAUGH'S RAW BONE PHOSPHATE

AND

Lodi Manufacturing Company's

Poudrette.

MECHANICS' TOOLS A

SPECIALTY.

WARRANTING ALL GOODS AS RECOM-

MENDED AND AT PRICES DEFYING

COMPETITION.

Thanking the general public for their fav-

or and patronage to the old, we solicit a con-

tinuance of the same to the new firm.

A. A. CROSBY,

P. S. GALLAGHER.

THE POPULAR STORE,

No. 4 Mansion House

Building.

James Kerley,

DEALER IN

FANCY DRY GOODS,

LADIES' AND GENTS' FURNISHING

GOODS, TRIMMINGS, FANCY SOAPS,

POCKET BOOKS, JEWELRY, HOOP

SKIRTS, CORSETS, LADIES'

AND GENTS' HOSIERY

AND GLOVES OF

ALL KINDS.

ALSO A FINE ASSORTMENT OF

Parasols & Umbrellas,

BANNER SHIRTS.

Six White Shirts, Wamsutta muslin, for \$15;

Six White Shirts, New York Mills

VOL. 2.-NO. 287.

CITY OF KINGSTON, (RONDOUT) MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 22, 1873.

WHOLE NO. 597.

In-Door Gardening.

The following timely instructions from Vick's

Floral Guide may enable those disposed to

adorn their homes during the Fall and Winter

months with a brilliant variety of flowers to

study the necessary methods of doing so:

Autumn approaches, and it is well to think

what we can do to keep with us, during the

Winter, a little of the glory of Summer—some

green leaves always, and occasionally a few

buds and blossoms. Those who have green-

houses and gardeners will not need these sug-

gestions, as they are designed to aid those

who have not such opportunities for gratify-

ing their taste for the beautiful. There are a

few things always in the garden that can be

taken up before frost and put in pots, that

will look well all Winter, and cost nothing.

The Dicentra, or Bleeding Heart, will flower

freely in the house, and the foliage is always

clean, cheerful, and pretty. The Madeira

Vine and Ivy are both desirable for indoor

climbers. Stocks, Dianthus, Peunia,

the Cowslip, and a great many other

things can be selected from the garden in

the Autumn. After potting keep the plants

moist and cool, and in the shade for a few

days, until they get over the removal. Select

plants that are not overgrown—in fact, those

that are not matured. Then something can

be added to the Winter stock by obtaining a

few papers of miniature seeds, or any other

of the simple annuals, like ageratum,

&c. This, with a few ordinary house plants,

will make a fair Winter's show, especially if

enlivened by a dozen or so of hyacinths, and

a few pots of polyanthus narcissus, all of

which will cost very little, and help much to

make a sunny home. There are some simple

flowers which are very beautiful, and which

will make a fair Winter's show, especially if

enlivened by a dozen or so of hyacinths, and

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make a sunny home. There are some simple

grandest of catenae and the most beautiful

of American rivers within her borders, but,

also, that she has the most superb forest park

on the whole Atlantic seaboard.

The Princess of Wales is described as being

a most lovely woman—tall and perfectly form-

ed; her every movement is graceful, and her

manner winsome and wholly unaffected.

Her face is all sunshine and sweetness, and

no one ever to be forgotten. Her popularity in

England is very great, all classes regarding

her with peculiar affection, not more for her

peerless beauty than for her faultless charac-

ter as a wife and mother.

Germany is pushing her railroad develop-

ment with more rapidity than any other Euro-

pean country, or even America, this year.

She opened some 9-10 miles in the first six

months of this year, which would give a year-

ly increase of mileage of about 18 per cent.

Like Massachusetts, she is now putting in the

construction of a link of 100 miles, a nearly

straight road is open to Bremen. Another

line makes direct connection between

Bremen and Hamburg. The cities, as with

subsequent lines to these roads. The re-

turns of German railroad traffic show a great

business in carrying emigrants to the sea-

ports. Emigration, in fact, seriously embar-

asses some of the state roads in East Prussia

for employees and horses. So great is the

demand that the state has relaxed the rigor of

its competitive examinations. Strangely

enough, there is a lack of engineers and

men, and the hitherto firm opposition of the

railroads to female service as ticket-sellers

and clerks has broken down. The women,

however, are rightly examined in ciphering,

must be between 20 and 40, unmarried or

childless widows, will begin on a salary of \$12

a month, and never will get more than \$400 a

year.

Lewis I. Patchin,

MILL ST., RONDOUT, N. Y.

LIVELY STABLE,

Good Horses and Rigs of every de-

scription constantly on hand.

AUGUSTUS SCHEPMEYER,

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE,

OFFICE IN JOHN ST., OPPOSITE MUSIC HALL.

Special attention paid to the collection of ac-

cused debts.

EDWIN D. BRANDOW,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

OFFICE IN HANBROCK BLOCK,

GARDEN STREET.

Special attention given to collections.

LAWTON & STEBBINS,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS

AT LAW,

No. 5 Masonic Hall building, second floor,

RONDOUT, N. Y.

GO FOR A RICE'S

FIVE CENT

Havana Scrap Segars.

CANNOT BE BEAT.

NEW MARKET.

I am now fully at home in my NEW MARKET.

Cor. Division & Union Sts.

and keep always on hand the finest assortment of

MEATS OF ALL KINDS

in the city. Everything in the meat line, Fresh

RONDOUT REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE AGENCY,

LIFE, FIRE AND MARINE.

Stow & Benson,

Representing the following First-

Class and Popular Insur-

ance Companies.

WITH COMBINED CAPITAL AND AS-

SETS OF OVER

\$46,972,000.

LIVERPOOL, London and Globe.

ROYAL, Liverpool.

INSURANCE CO. of North

America, Philadelphia.

PENNSYLVANIA FIRE, Phila-

delphia.

HOME, FIRE, New York.

COMMERCE, New York.

WESTCHESTER, New York.

MERCHANTS,

LORELLARD,

ATLANTIC,

NAGARA,

REPUBLIC,

EXCHANGE,

MECHANICAL AND TRADERS'

MARINE, N. Y.

HOME LIFE, New York.

All of which Adjust Losses Fairly and Pay

Promptly.

DANIEL B. STOW,

ANTHONY BENSON.

DOWN THEY GO!

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES

OF

MILLINERY GOODS

AT

ROBINSON & GILMORE'S,

DIVISION ST., NEAR UNION.

A Large Stock of

FANCY GOODS

Constantly on hand. Also

GENTS' TIES, BOWS, COLLARS, SOCKS,

&c., &c., &c.

Agents for Gray's Patent Moulded Col-

lars. N. B.—Stamping done to order.

FURNITURE.

B. P. DECKER & BRO.,

DIVISION STREET,

ON THE LINE OF THE RONDOUT AND

KINGSTON R. R.

Manufacturers and Dealers in all kinds of

FURNITURE,

UPHOLSTERY,

LOOKING-GLASSES,

&c., &c., &c.

ALL GOODS WARRANTED AS

REPRESENTED

AND AS LOW AS CAN BE SOLD AT ANY

STORE IN THE CITY FOR CASH.

Thankful for past favors we ask a continuance of

the same.

THE STRONGEST AND BEST.

HOBBY HORSES.

TOY WAGONS AND CARTS.

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT AT THE

CHEAPEST VARIETY STORE IN

THE CITY.

BEST CHEWING & SMOKING

TOBACCO & SEGARS.

S. SIMON,

ABEEL ST., NEAR WASHINGTON HALL.

DENTISTRY.

DR. V. SHERWOOD

Has removed his dental establishment from his

old stand in Garden Street to

The Newkirk Building,

DIVISION STREET,

Nearly opposite the Mansion House, over Andrew

Dunn's extensive Watch and Jewelry Store.

WATCHES & JEWELRY.

JOHN T. BOND,

Formerly with J. Cottler, N. Y.

Watchmaker and Jeweler,

DIVISION ST., ABOVE UNION, RONDOUT.

Special attention given to the repairing of fine

American, English and Swiss watches.

All kinds of Clocks and Jewelry repaired in the

best manner.

WOODSTOCK, ULSTER CO., N. Y.

H. S. VAN ETTEN, MANAGER.

This popular summer resort is situated near the

foot of Overlook Mountain, in a section unsurpass-

ed for mountain views, fine drives, and general

healthfulness. The house has been

NEWLY FURNISHED

Is it not almost time for that relic of barbarism, the calumny parade, to go out of fashion? We see by an exchange that a good friend of ours, a worthy minister living in one of our down-the-river towns, was treated to a prolonged application of this discordant nuisance the other evening. His offence was having taken to himself a wife — which he had a perfect right to do — and of this a rival home, accompanied, of course, by a bride, all the outlying arches of the neighborhood, set on probably by some masquerade of long growth, came into the vicinity of his residence, and deafened the ears of the pleasant party, gathered there, with a most abominable racket, produced by means of brass horns, cracked drums, athletic bassoons and whatever instruments of torture their infernal ingenuity could devise.

The contemptible pack was scattered at last by the explosion of some innocuous powder over their uncombed hair. Now this sort of thing was once the customary joke of which newly married couples were made the victims in all the bucolic districts; but its occurrence in a city or village clamor to be civilized is a disgrace that should be washed out under the town pump, or atoned for in the county jail.

The science of sociology may some time come to be a basis of prediction. If all events, human as well as natural, are really results of established law, the possibility of foretelling the future will depend upon the exact degree to which we can discover the law. That all things do so result is more fully believed by intelligent thinkers every year. Once, and not very long ago at that, it was regarded as absurd to attempt to predict the wind and weather much in advance of the fact. Now the weather-bureau is of incalculable value to both landmen and seamen because of the degree of certainty to which its observations have attained in uncovering the laws of storms. Perhaps human nature may be a little more difficult of calculation than the unreasoning forces of the inanimate universe, but it is no insult to its independence or any stigma upon its boasted freedom to assert that men as individuals or bodies are regulated by law just as surely as are the planets and the gases. From such a theory prediction comes in the form of knowledge. He who knows most of its facts can with the greatest certainty anticipate its action.

We are led to make these remarks from a statement by Friday's Graphic to the effect that the following prophecy was published one year ago in a periodical entitled "The Future of the Nation." No name was attached, the prophet contenting himself with avowing the doctrines of positivism:

"I predict that in ten years' time the Northern Pacific Railroad enterprise will be regarded as one of the most important instances of human credulity and folly. It will be a matter of profound astonishment that among a business community tens of thousands of sensible men could be found to invest money in the hope of profit in a railroad which began nowhere, ended nowhere, and ran for the most part through a howling wilderness. That this road may be built is not a matter of doubt, but it is a matter of doubt whether it will be made to pay for the present generation. It is too crazy a chimera to be for a moment entertained."

In the light of the events of the last few days in Wall street this prediction is very easy reading, and sensibly raises the dignity of its author's unpopular calling.

Paganism. In discussing the position and status which marriage is to hold in our future society, the author of an article in the subject in one of the current magazines deplores the approach of paganism to this country. A definition of the term is not easy to gather from the essay referred to, but to our mind the writer means substantially this: A certain result upon our entire American manhood and womanhood produced by the enervating power of luxury in the hands of those who abuse it. By entire American manhood we do not intend to say that all classes are likely to become pagans in this way. Not at all; the pagans are few and select. Yet, they are bred by unlimited opportunities for indulging the sensuous nature, and their opportunities are reserved for those who can command money, and to do this is merely a matter of money. There may be some call for this note of alarm. It seems premature to talk about the decadence of the great republic, as though the manner of its select set. At all events, the pagans are few and select. Yet, they are bred by unlimited opportunities for indulging the sensuous nature, and their opportunities are reserved for those who can command money, and to do this is merely a matter of money. There may be some call for this note of alarm. It seems premature to talk about the decadence of the great republic, as though the manner of its select set.

The Quigley Inquest. The Coroner's inquest over the body of James Quigley, foundered yesterday morning, at the foot of South William street, was resumed this morning at 4 1/2 o'clock. There is no clue yet to the pocket-book the deceased is said to have had in his possession on Tuesday night last, the night he was last seen alive.

Bernard Hearty testified that he saw Quigley have a pocket-book while at a saloon in Liberty street, but did not see how much was in it, and did not see the pocket-book after that time during the evening. He says Quigley made no mention of having a large amount of money, and that Quigley did not offer to bet in the saloon more than ten dollars.

Robert J. Thomas, a hired hand on Quigley's boat, testified this morning. He testified that he shipped on the boat at Elizabethport, July 12th, 1873; always said the deceased had a pocket-book with him; could not state whether he ever had a large amount of money with him; I have had his pocket-book in my hands often; it always had money in it when I had it; I have not seen him since he left the boat; he left the boat 7 o'clock, P. M., Tuesday evening, and returned at about 12 o'clock; McEntyre was with him; did not see McEntyre, but heard his voice; they were both in cabin where light was turned down; both afterwards went on deck; heard McEntyre going home and leaving the boat; McEntyre's boat was with him; he left the cabin I got up to fix fire in stove; Quigley did not go ashore with McEntyre, but might have went to sleep with him; when I had finished fixing fire, Quigley had returned and was at the cabin door; he did not speak to me, nor did he come in the cabin; I went on deck and saw the boat after midnight; I then went into the cabin and after smoking a few minutes went to bed; said nothing to Quigley before going to bed; he laid so close to cabin door that I had to sleep over him; got in; rail on boat as about eight or nine inches high; a man cannot roll overboard; I arose about half-past four in the morning and went on deck; Quigley was not there; I looked at the boat and did not find him; his coat was in cabin where he left it when I took him; I took a pole and tried to find him in the water; I remained on deck waiting for his return when I could not find him; at 8 o'clock I went ashore, to shipyard and coal; look for him, but could not find him; I went back to boat and still there until after dinner; then went up town and inquired for him and returned to boat; about 6 o'clock a young man came aboard and inquired after the boat; I asked him if he knew the captain; he replied, yes; he and I then went to McEntyre's; afterwards went down and searched for him in water until about 9 o'clock P. M.; he was found Thursday morning about 11 o'clock; I was present when he was found; he was found about five or six feet from the point on his boat where he lay Tuesday night; I have not seen his pocket-book in cabin since Tuesday morning; Tuesday night was very dark; we never had any disputes.

Signs of the Times. We should not be true to the vocation of a faithful chronicler of the news were we to overlook the indications of an important movement now going on in the Republican party. Less than a year ago the most prominent and important leaders and papers of that party vied with each other in asserting and essaying to prove that the party there was the party, and that loyalty and fealty to the latter was synonymous with submission to the administration, lack of which latter in any claiming the name of Republican was treachery too great for forgiveness. A year ago the Liberal Republican pointed out that for the grand cause of the party there was no other alternative than a mere personalism, and that political opinion was being furnished to order in every locality per order of the central power. Among all the parties the country had seen, none had been so pronounced for freedom of opinion and the widest latitude to individual expression of it. So that it was the strangest sight ever witnessed in American politics, this practical unity of the Republican speakers and press in advocating the adoption of the orders from Washington as the voice of the people, and hence the voice of God. The Liberals pointed

THE GREAT PANIC!
SATURDAY'S DISPATCHES!
ASTOUNDING DEFALCATION DISCOVERED!

The Union Trust Co. Suspended.
Other Failures Announced
CLOSE OF THE STOCK EXCHANGE!
WHAT WILL THE GOVERNMENT DO?

Speculations as to the Final Result
Flak & Hatch Confident.
A COURT ADMONISHED.

Flak & Hatch state that having been engaged in no speculations, they are confident of recovering themselves when the storm has spent itself. Randolph & Co. say that if money goes down to reasonable figures they will soon resume; that their suspension was precipitated by the fact that the Fourth National Bank did not certify their checks in time; they deny all connection with Tom Scott, the report of their delivery of the stock to him having arisen from the fact that one of the partners is Scott's son-in-law. White, DeFries & Rathbone expect to resume soon. President Calhoun, of the Fourth National Bank, said last evening that the bank had paid out \$300,000 during the day, and is abundantly able to meet all further demands.

The papers generally agree that this has been the greatest panic since 1857, far exceeding the 11th and 12th of May and the Chicago fire crash.
A COURT ADMONISHED.
The Court of General Sessions was adjourned early Friday to give the jurors an opportunity to look after their bank accounts and estates. A number of telegrams were received at the post office yesterday requesting the postmaster to withhold the delivery of letters bearing the stamp of firms sending messages and which were addressed to Jay Cooke & Co. The postmaster could not comply with the request, as postal regulations provide that after a letter has passed through the mailing office the delivery of it cannot be prevented or delayed by the alleged writer.

STOCK EXCHANGE CLOSED.
New York, Sept. 20—11:55 A. M.—The Stock Exchange closed at 10 minutes to 12.
EXTENSIONS THIS MORNING.
The suspensions this morning are: Tauxey & Fisher, F. M. Meyers, Miller & Walsh, Laurens Josephs, Fearing & Dellinger, Williams & Bostwick, E. C. Brodhead, not E. C. Moorhead, as at first reported.

THE BANK OF THE COMMONWEALTH.
New York, Sept. 20—2:25 P. M.—The stoppage of the Bank of the Commonwealth, does not affect the general markets nor other banks, it having been almost entirely a broker's bank, and its dealings nearly exclusively with brokerage firms.

EDWARD HEIGHT, OF THE BROKERAGE FIRM OF HEIGHT & CO., WAS HIS PRINCIPAL BACKER, AND IT IS BELIEVED THE SUSPENSION OF THE BANK WAS MAINLY DUE TO HIS OVERDRAWING LARGE AMOUNTS TO CARRY HIS FIRM OVER THE PRESSURE OF THE LAST FEW DAYS.
Its capital was only \$750,000.

RODMAN'S RASCALITY.
The Story About the Connecticut Bonds.
MIDDLETOWN, Conn., Sept. 20.—The following are the facts concerning the claimed stolen New Haven and Middletown Railroad bonds. On the 14th of November, 1872, the towns of Portland and Middletown deposited with the Brooklyn Trust Co. \$804,000 of Willamette Brookline Co.'s bonds and took receipts signed "The Brooklyn Trust Company, C. S. Mills, President." The statement is that these bonds were then negotiated by Mills, Rodman and White, with the consent or approval of the officers of the railroad company, are incorrect. Part of these bonds are now known by the officers and the attorney of the town to have been negotiated by Mills, Rodman and White to well-known brokers in Wall street and elsewhere, and the statement that any person connected with the railroad company was in any way connected with the bonds from the hands of Mr. Warner, attorney of the town, is untrue. The towns have the name of parties to whom they were negotiated by Mills, Rodman and White to extend loans which they were under obligations to carry for the railroad company. These facts are admitted by the parties who negotiated the bonds.

MEXICO.
Serious Disturbance in Vera Cruz.
CITY OF MEXICO, Sept. 17, via HAVANA, Sept. 20.—The state of Vera Cruz is passing through a crisis and possibly serious consequences will ensue. The Commissioners of Charity have caused the places of public worship to be closed. The Governor has ordered the chapels to be reopened. Most of the members of the Commission, also the Municipal Councilors, have been thrown out of the clearing House.

THE FOURTH NATIONAL BANK HOLDS OUT.
New York, Sept. 20—12:40 P. M.—A special from Washington says it may be stated, on the highest authority, that should the order to purchase \$10,000,000 bonds fail to check the financial excitement, it has been decided on by Secretary Richardson, to issue any part of the forty-four million reserve necessary to restore confidence.

CONFESSION AT THE GOLD ROOM.
A 3:05 P. M.—Notice is given in the Gold Room that a general clearance cannot be effected to-day owing to the fact that many dealers find it impossible to get checks certified in a proper manner. All statements,

THE GREAT PANIC!

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ALL STATEMENTS, TICKETS AND CHECKS WILL BE RETURNED TO DEALERS ON APPLICATION AT THE GOLD EXCHANGE BANK, GOLD, 111.

NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY'S FAILURE.
New York, Sept. 20—1:20 P. M.—The cause of the suspension of the National Trust Company is assigned to its connection with the Union Trust Company. A number of depositors are congregated outside of the building.

THE LATEST STOCK QUOTATIONS.
New York, Sept. 21.—The following are the latest stock quotations before closing of the board as far as can be ascertained:
R. I. 87 cash; Ohio, 27; N. Y. Central, 87; Western Union, 37; Pacific Mail, 52; Lake Shore, 80; Union Pacific, 18; Harlem, 100; Erie, 55; St. Paul, 52; C. & L. 20; Wabash, 44. All others of bonds under 111.25 are accepted by the government.

U. S. BONDS SOLD.
New York, Sept. 20—1:25.—Bids for \$2,500,000 U. S. bonds accepted from 109 to 111.
THE UNION TRUST COMPANY DEFALCATION HALF A MILLION.

It is now reported that the defalcations in the Union Trust Company amount to full half a million dollars; that they have been extending over considerable time and were committed by one of the officers, the son of a prominent Methodist divine; while the story is generally credited, it is denied by others. The culprit is reported to have fled the city this morning.

THE EXCITEMENT.
New York, Sept. 20—1:40.—At this hour, vast multitudes are surging to and fro through Wall, Nassau, New and Broad streets and Exchange place and lower Broadway, recalling scenes at the firing on Fort Sumter or the July riots. A general feeling of relief is expressed by the brokers, who are glad to escape through any means from the tremendous pressure of the past few hours.

MORE FAILURES RUMORED.
Numerous other failures of stock firms are rumored, but nothing official can be known until their announcements are made at the opening of the Stock Exchange, probably on Monday.

GOLD ADVANCES.
Gold is firmer and advancing under the Washington advices relative to further issue of currency. Price now 112 1/2.

STRENGTH IN WALL STREET.
1:45 P. M.—Cheer upon cheer followed from the brokers when the Stock Exchange closed. The Evening Express says: "Too much praise cannot be awarded to the men who conceived and carried out this master stroke of policy. Bedlam was running loose, and the craze was rapidly communicating itself to the outside multitude. Nothing remained but to shut the door and bring back balls and bats to all their senses."

THE BANK OF NORTH AMERICA.
New York, Sept. 20—2 P. M.—Certifications of the Bank of North America have been thrown out of the Clearing House, which gave rise to the rumor of its suspension.

THE TRUST COMPANY DEFALCATION.
New York, Sept. 20—2:07 P. M.—The defalcation in the Union Trust Company amounts to \$500,000. Secretary Charles T. Carleton is said to be the defaulter. He has not been seen since yesterday afternoon.

THE NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY.
The National Trust Company say they could have kept up payment until Monday, but would then have been short. They came on the street with a large amount of Currency Notes, but could find no buyers except at a discount of 30 to 40 per cent. They refused to sell at such a sacrifice, and suspended for the better protection of themselves and customers, and have made no advances on railroad bonds.

TEN MILLIONS IN LOAN CERTIFICATES.
New York, Sept. 20—2:15 P. M.—The bank presidents, at their meeting this afternoon, passed a resolution to issue immediately ten millions in loan certificates.

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CITY OF MEXICO, Sept. 17, via HAVANA, Sept. 20.—The state of Vera Cruz is passing through a crisis and possibly serious consequences will ensue. The Commissioners of Charity have caused the places of public worship to be closed. The Governor has ordered the chapels to be reopened. Most of the members of the Commission, also the Municipal Councilors, have been thrown out of the clearing House.

THE FOURTH NATIONAL BANK HOLDS OUT.
New York, Sept. 20—12:40 P. M.—A special from Washington says it may be stated, on the highest authority, that should the order to purchase \$10,000,000 bonds fail to check the financial excitement, it has been decided on by Secretary Richardson, to issue any part of the forty-four million reserve necessary to restore confidence.

CONFESSION AT THE GOLD ROOM.
A 3:05 P. M.—Notice is given in the Gold Room that a general clearance cannot be effected to-day owing to the fact that many dealers find it impossible to get checks certified in a proper manner. All statements,

TICKETS AND CHECKS WILL BE RETURNED TO DEALERS ON APPLICATION AT THE GOLD EXCHANGE BANK, GOLD, 111.

Consultation on the Situation.

MORE BONDS BUT NO RESERVES.

A CONSTITUTIONAL IMPEDIMENT.

PREPARING FOR THE DAY'S STRUGGLE.

Arrival of the President.

New York, Sept. 21.—General Grant arrived at the Fifth Avenue Hotel 5 o'clock last night. Secretary Richardson is expected here to-morrow morning. Geo. W. Cubits of the Philadelphia Ledger, Drexel, Drexel & Morgan & Company, Henry Clews and George Oplyke were among those who called on the President during the evening. Senator Morton is in town. He attended the meeting of bank presidents at the Clearing House last Friday.

The corridors of the Fifth Avenue Hotel were again crowded last night and the financial crisis formed the subject of general conversation. A slight run on several east side savings banks yesterday was reported.

DEBATING ON GOVERNMENT ACTION.
New York, Sept. 21—9 P. M.—The conference at the Fifth Avenue Hotel to-day in relation to the best means of overcoming the difficulty resulting from the recent financial disasters in Wall street absorbed public interest to an unparalleled degree. The fact that President Grant, Secretary Richardson and other high officials of the government had come here to deliberate on the best means of preventing further disaster to the mercantile community and consequently to the country at large was generally known early this morning. In consequence not only the leading bankers, brokers and merchants were in attendance at the hotel, but the general public flocked thither in hundreds and listened to groups of Wall street men gathered here and there in knots discussing the situation.

President Grant and Secretary Richardson have been in consultation at the Fifth Avenue Hotel since noon to-day with prominent capitalists and merchants, including Commodore Vanderbilt. The following is the result as far as known at eight o'clock to-night. The President positively declined to interfere with Wall street, as any action of his would be unconstitutional. A committee of bankers and merchants had come down to a final proposition for the government to issue \$300,000,000 of the legal reserve. Beverly Johnson is said to have given his opinion to the effect that to use the legal reserve for this purpose is unconstitutional, but that if he (Johnson) were he would be disposed in an emergency like the present to make this utmost effort to avert impending disaster. A proposition made by Vanderbilt was decisively declined.

President Grant, Secretary Richardson, Senator Morton of Indiana and General Banks were ready before noon to hear the views and suggestions of prominent merchants and financiers. A large number of what had previously been a conference on the part of the officers of the hotel and reduced their plans to definite shape. Among those present at this conference of Wall street and mercantile interests were Commodore Vanderbilt, Henry Clews, the Seligman brothers, George H. Oplyke, Isaac H. Bailey, William M. O'Brien, President of the Western Union Telegraph Co., Prospect Street, New York, and William M. Scott, of the Erie R. R., and Robert L. Kennedy, Horace B. Claflin, Gen. E. S. Sanford of the Adams Express Co., Mr. Vart of the Bank of Commerce, Senator West of Louisiana and John Hoy, President of the Adams Express Co.

A committee first made a general proposition to the President, proposing that he should be relieved by drawing on the legal tender reserve. The committee had not agreed at this time as to the amount of such reserve which would be probably required. Grant and Richardson sent for many members of the committee in turn and heard their views on the subject. After hours spent in this way, the President proceeded to the reading of the written views of several leading members of the committee. President Grant and Secretary Richardson informed the committee that nothing could be done until precise propositions had been submitted. The majority of the committee proposed verbally that the government should, if necessary, place the whole legal reserve, \$44,000,000, in the New York City banks. Secretary Richardson opposed this suggestion in the strongest terms and said he was utterly and inflexibly opposed to issuing any considerable portion of the legal reserve for the use of city banks.

NO RESERVES TO BE ISSUED.
New York, Sept. 21.—Grant and Richardson requested the committee to agree on and present to the President a report embodying their views in as brief a form as possible as to what ought to be done on the part of the government, stipulating the name of each one of the committee must be appended to the proposition.

The committee retired to draw up their report. At 3 o'clock Commodore Vanderbilt entered the hotel and proceeded to the President's parlor. The following is stated on reliable authority to have transpired at the interview. Commodore Vanderbilt made a proposition to General Grant to authorize the Secretary of the Treasury to place \$300,000,000 of the legal reserve in the banks of this city and on that condition he (Commodore Vanderbilt) would add \$100,000,000.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 21.—Although much interest was manifested yesterday in the exciting news from New York and Philadelphia it had no apparent effect on banking institutions in this city. The run on the Freedmen's and Washington Savings Banks continued, but not to the extent of Friday.

NEW YORK, Sept. 21.—The run on the First National Bank of Hoboken was continued throughout Saturday and \$137,000 were drawn out, but the promptness with which all demands were met tended to restore confidence in the institution and much of the amount withdrawn was re-deposited. The reserves and liabilities of the bank, which each placed at \$747,000. The managers of the Hoboken Bank for Savings said that the bank is entirely solvent, notwithstanding the defalcation of the absconded officer, and that no trouble would have occurred but for facilities some persons have to secure the publication of rumors calculated to excite a feeling of distrust.

The acting President of the Hoboken Savings Bank in a letter says the Directors are making every effort to pay depositors in full. The opening of the bank and the resumption of business is delayed on account of the excitement being incomprehensible. The money deposited with Flak & Hatch will probably be made good.

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PREPARING FOR THE

Kingston, Monday Morning, Sept. 22.

Correspondents will please direct their letters to Hon. Post Office, N. Y.

The office of THE FREEMAN can be found on Main street, in the new office of Mr. J. Van Wagoner, where our agents can be found at any time. All business of the paper will be attended to there or at the General office.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

CITY NOTES.

—Wanted, some second-hand pipe. Apply at this office.

—A gray met one of our citizens last week, and predicted a larger fire to-night.

—The average hoodlum now perambulates to the music of clappers.

—Great commotion among the firemen concerning the coming Fire Department trial.

—A good thing—the gas lamp the Common Council has ordered placed in Abel street.

—The question of the day—and night—“Have we an illuminating committee among us?”

—Several of our sly operators uptown were badly squeezed by the troubles in the stock market.

—The principal feature of down-town street life on Saturday nights is the auction shop.

—It was a crowd.

—Beautifully tinted leaves herald the arrival of autumn. How's your coal bin and winter clothes generally?

—A lively interest was manifested in the Wall street panic by our citizens, but there was no excitement.

—The banks are properly conservative during the panic times, and are not disposed to enlarge their discount line.

—The ferry boat was crammed with passengers on Saturday upon the arrival of the N. Y. & S. train.

—The First German Lutheran Sunday School will meet hereafter in the Presbyterian basement from nine to ten o'clock every Sunday morning.

—Next after Andrew Dunn's sun regulator the Freeman clock shows more people aware of the rapid flight of time than any piece of mechanism in the city.

—Edward Haight & Co., whose name is among the list of firms in New York, are the parties who at one time were the financial agents of the R. & O. R. R.

—A man learned what it was to have insult added to injury, in being first scared out of his wits by his horse running away with him, and then being arrested and fined for driving at an illegal rate of speed.

—The upper part of the city has been pretty lively during the past two weeks, but court has adjourned, the school-masters have vanished, and quiet once more reigns over the place. The Institute has been quite a success in manner, and was becoming popular, not only with the teachers, but with the outsiders also.

—There have been so many teachers from the country as during the late session, and the Ellenville teachers should have great praise for attending the Institute. They all came and were put to considerable expense. Without their presence the Institute certainly would not have been so much of a success, and the Ellenville people may congratulate themselves upon having as fine a crop of teachers as any place in the country.

—The ice.

Ice is reported an inch thick at Overlook Mountain on Saturday morning.

—Coal Arrival.

On Saturday 60 canal boats laden with 7,800 tons of coal reached tide water at Edenville through the Delaware & Hudson canal.

—Senatorial Candidate.

Mr. J. H. Meach, of Catskill, was given the choice of six delegates to the Democratic Senatorial Convention by the Greene County Convention. Mr. George Deach was chosen delegate to the State Convention.

—Good Marksmanship.

The best shot uptown is Frank Totter. He has a pistol which he can pick a cat at the distance of 175 yards, fire times out of six, every trial. The pistol carried a ball about the size of a pea. Totter would be a bad man to fight a duel with—distance ten paces.

—Republican Convention.

At the Republican caucus to choose delegates to the First Assembly District Convention on Saturday evening at the Eagle Hotel, Albert Osterhout was made Chairman, and Friend Hoar, Jr., Secretary. The following are the delegates to the convention to be held at Totter's hotel in Sangerley to-day—J. H. Everett, Friend Hoar, Jr., M. Van Nostrand, H. W. Winne, Wm. Winter, E. S. Wood.

—Reception.

The different fire companies of the city are preparing to give Wiltwyck Hose, of Kingston, a reception, on the occasion of the visit of that organization to this city on the 30th inst. The visiting company will arrive in the evening by the steamer James W. Baldwin, and return next night by the same boat. The arrangements are now being made.—To Regulate Engle.

—Verdict of the Coroner's Jury.

The following verdict, in the case of the drowning of the boy James P. Brennan, was found by the Coroner's jury on Friday evening: James Patrick Brennan on the evening of September 19th, 1873, was by accident and misfortune, drowned in a cistern in the yard of Mrs. Spratz, in Rondout, and that the said James P. Brennan came to his death by said drowning and suffocation, and that we recommend that one said Mrs. Spratz be ordered to have the cistern box raised to a sufficient height to prevent like accident.

—Personal.

Among the heavy losses by the New York failures is a prominent county politician, who had a considerable amount on deposit with a suspended firm.

The Albany Express of Saturday morning says: “On Monday next Mr. Martin Turk, an actor of considerable repute, commences a week's engagement at the Capitol Theatre.—His agent, Mr. Cambridge, is now in the city.”

—The Trotting on the Fair Grounds.

According to announcement, Friday's postponed trotting matches came off on the Driving Park track on Saturday.

The first trot was for a special purse of \$50, for horses that have never trotted better than three minutes; \$35 to first, \$15 to second; best three in five. M. L. Perrine entered g. g. Jimmy; Joe Lambrose entered s. g. Joe; M. Van Vleet entered m. l. Lee; James Sikes entered s. g. Dan. Three started, Dan being drawn. As the horses were coming up the home stretch on the second heat Joe was so far behind the others that his driver pulled him off the track and did not start on the third heat, saying that if he went once around he would have to stop and ask the judges which way the other other horses went.

—Summary.

M. D. Perrine's s. g. Jimmy, 2 1 1
M. Van Vleet's m. l. Lee, 1 2 2
Joe Lambrose's s. g. Joe, 3 dist.

Time—3:00, 3:06, 3:02, 2:54.
The second race was for a purse of \$100; \$75 to first, \$25 to second; mile heats, best two in three in harness.

—Summary.

John J. Hornbeck's s. g. Major King, 1 1
Benj. Schoonmaker's s. g. Kentucky Boy, 2 2
Time—2:34, 2:35.

COMMON COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS.

Special Meeting.

FRIDAY EVENING, Sept. 19.

The Mayor announced that this was a special meeting called for the purpose of considering the regular order of business. The roll was called and the following found present—His Honor Mayor Lindsay in the chair, Aldermen Bray, Bog, Cordis, Canfield, Cummings, Derrenbacher, Flynn, Freudenburgh, Larkin, Madden, Plough, Tremper, Vandling, Whitaker.

The minutes of the last regular meeting read and approved.

A petition was read from residents on the Wilbur road asking that street lamps might be placed upon the same. Referred to the Committee on Lamps, Lamp Posts and Lighting of Lamps.

A petition was received from residents in the vicinity asking the Common Council to have removed the stone obstructing Abel street.

On motion the Superintendent of Streets was directed to remove the obstruction in Pierpont street within forty-eight hours at the expense of the owner of the stone.

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The following bills were presented and referred to the Committee on Auditing Accounts:

P. J. O'Farrell, rent lock-up, etc. \$34.75; Wm. Hutton, Jan. \$44.35; John Hozel, constable, \$9.60; L. B. Strong, work Lackawanna Engine House, \$12.88; H. W. Oils, C. Maher's wall, \$37.56; Kieran Feeley, lighting street lamps, \$19.50; J. S. Barham, lighting Western Fire Department, \$3.93; S. Abbey & Son, damage to building, \$3.00; Patrick Davis, work on Spring street, \$23.75; Andrew Britt, work with team on Albany avenue, \$30.00; John Blackwell, work on Albany avenue, \$12.25; Michael Ervin, work on City Hall lot, \$19.00; James Wood, work on Hasbrouck avenue, \$39.00; Tjerk Ingram, do, with team, \$27.10; John Rindell, services as assistant to Superintendent of Streets, \$81.50; John Schel, work on Hasbrouck avenue, \$31.40; Wm. Lams, work on City Hall lot, \$19.20; Wm. Mullare, work on Hasbrouck avenue, \$37.50; Lawrence Cloonan, work on City Hall lot, \$53.00; John Cloonan, do, \$33.00; Michael Mack, do, \$27.37; John Schoonmaker, do, \$29.60; Simon S. Westbrock, Assessor, \$200.00; Simon S. Westbrock, making duplicate assessment roll, comparing the same and forwarding same for Assessors, \$75.00; Michael Schel, work on Hasbrouck avenue, \$19.00; John Beck, work on City Hall lot, \$26.40; James Patrick, repairs, street department, \$5.50; Arthur Cook, services in making plans, \$5.00; City Hall, \$1,500.00; George Flood, work on Wilbur road, \$21.60;—Sweeney, work on Hasbrouck avenue, \$33.75; Thomas Butler, work on City Hall lot, \$23.50; John Wester, do, \$12.00; John Dubois, work on Albany avenue, \$12.25; Wm. Auchmoody, do, with team, \$33.00; Frank Lang, work on Hasbrouck avenue, \$25.60; Tjerk Ingram, work on City Hall lot, \$62.20; Henry Kronegeyer, work on Hasbrouck avenue, \$27.20; John W. Duncan, work on City Hall lot, \$22.40; John W. Duncan, work on Hasbrouck avenue, \$16.00; Patrick Tisdell, work on City Hall lot, \$25.01; Patrick Healy, do, \$24.00; Michael McLinn, do, \$35.00; John Farrell, engineer, \$10.00; Edward Schoonmaker, lighting street oil lamps, \$16.50; Thomas O'Hara, do, \$28.00; S. L. Stebbins, salary Corporation Counsel, \$250.00.

The Committee on Streets reported that they had secured the contract for grading St. Mary street to Styles M. Samuels, the excavating to cost 25 cents per cubic yard and the retaining wall \$2.50 per cubic yard.

On motion the report was accepted and the Committee on Streets were authorized to execute a contract at the figures named.

The Committee on Auditing Accounts reported the following bills and vouchers:

P. J. Ryan \$11.72; Hiram Myers \$83.75; Peter Van Bramer \$23.20; Wm. Ward \$21.85; Peter Van Bramer \$5.00; R. E. K. Gas Co. \$292.63; James Quigley \$33.00; John Slight \$9.00; Van Voorhis & Knapp \$36.40; Burger & Wells \$69.86; John Gillmore \$50.00; Hugh Lynch \$30.40; P. B. Warner \$7.28; Hugh Phillips \$24.40; G. Weber \$12.00; Patrick Davis \$13.25; Charles Jordan \$22.05; Arthur Cook \$150.00; P. Kearns \$20.75; Henry Wolfenstein \$39.00; Wm. Ferguson \$20.80; R. Purvis & Son \$24.00; R. Purvis & Son \$16.00; Hugh Ryan \$30.40; Wm. Duncan \$24.80; R. Purvis & Son \$89.28; James Quigley \$9.60; H. B. Marsh \$3.00; Clark Chatfield \$14.00; O'Brien \$1.50; Foster \$1.50; Jas. McKernan \$37.75; Turk & Barham \$34.04.

Alderman Canfield moved that the report of the committee be accepted and warrants be issued for the amounts.

Alderman Tremper moved an amendment that the bill of Arthur Cook be accepted.

Lost, as follows:

Keys—Alfred Dag, Tremper—2.

Notes—Alfred Canfield, Cordis, Cummings, Derrenbacher, Flynn, Freudenburgh, Larkin, Madden, Plough, Tremper, Vandling, Whitaker—12.

Alderman Canfield's motion was then adopted.

The Committee on Auditing Accounts also reported back the bill of R. Purvis & Son, \$233.20, store for Pierpont street, with the request that Mr. George C. Woolsey be heard in relation thereto.

On motion the Chief Engineer of the Eastern Fire Department was directed to supply the steam fire engines with the best quality of kindling wood for starting fires.

The Committee on plans and specifications for the City Hall reported that they had agreed upon the terms of the contracts with the builders and the Clerk read the same.

The following resolution was on motion adopted:

Resolved, That the contracts with John Gill and William B. Mickens for building the City Hall, as reported by the Building Committee, be and the same are approved, and that the same be subscribed on the part of the city by the Mayor and City Clerk and that the corporate seal of the city be affixed to said contracts respectively.

The Finance Committee reported the city treasury about exhausted and that a loan for \$10,000 could be negotiated with the First National Bank of Rondout, and offered the following resolutions:

Whereas, It is necessary so to do; now therefore,

Resolved, That the Common Council, pursuant to section ninety of the City Charter, borrow in anticipation of the general city tax, the sum of ten thousand dollars, to be paid from said tax when collected.

Resolved, That a bond for the amount so borrowed, payable on or before the first day of February, 1874, with interest from date to the time of payment, subscribed by the Mayor and Treasurer of the city and sealed with its corporate seal, be and the same are approved, and that the same be subscribed on the part of the city by the Mayor and City Clerk and that the corporate seal of the city be affixed to said bonds respectively.

Resolved, That the amount so borrowed, payable on or before the first day of February, 1874, with interest from date to the time of payment, subscribed by the Mayor and Treasurer of the city and sealed with its corporate seal, be and the same are approved, and that the same be subscribed on the part of the city by the Mayor and City Clerk and that the corporate seal of the city be affixed to said bonds respectively.

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This is a scan of a blank page from a document. The paper has a light beige or off-white color with a slightly textured appearance. There are no markings, text, or illustrations on the page. A dark vertical strip is visible along the right edge, likely representing the binding or gutter of the book.

This image shows a blank, aged, cream-colored page, likely an endpaper or flyleaf of a book. The paper has a slightly textured appearance with some minor discoloration and a vertical crease down the center. A small dark spot is visible near the top center.



